Other factors may cause J to decrease when CCl<sub>4</sub> is replaced by DMSO, but we consider them to be of secondary importance to those already mentioned. For example, intramolecular hydrogen bonding in the nitroand halo-substituted alcohols<sup>12</sup> and modification of the

(12) Evidence for such bonding is given by P. J. Krueger and H. D. Mettee, *Can. J. Chem.*, **42**, 340 (1964), and by W. F. Baitinger, P. von R. Schleyer, T. S. S. R. Murty, and L. Robinson, *Tetrahedron*, **20**, 1635 (1964).

## Book Reviews

Phase Transitions. By ROBERT BROUT, University of Brussels. W. A. Benjamin, Inc., 1 Park Ave., New York, N. Y. 1965. xiii + 202 pp. 16  $\times$  23.5 cm. \$9.00.

The molecular theory of phase transitions, under investigation since the earliest days of statistical mechanics, is still largely not understood. Only for highly idealized models (two-dimensional Ising lattice, ideal Bose gas, Kac-Uhlenbeck model) can one give an<sub>2</sub>thing like a complete and rigorous discussion based on the principles of statistical thermodynamics. Realistic models (even as simple as a collection of atoms interacting by Lennard-Jones potentials) are presently out of reach by exact methods. Over the years, a number of approximation schemes have been developed: one particularly attractive one is based on the idea of a self-consistent field. (An illustration is the Bragg-Williams method in the theory of order-disorder transitions.)

"Phase Transitions" surveys formulations and applications of the self-consistent field method. The formulations are sometimes based on simple physical pictures (as in the original molecular field theory of ferromagnetism) and sometimes on rather highbrow techniques of many-body theory. In particular, about one-third of the book deals with "graphology," essentially a set of variations on the theme of the classic Ursell-Mayer virial expansion. Selfconsistent field arguments are used in connection with the Ising lattice, the liquid-gas transition, freezing, ferromagnetism, superconductivity, and superfluidity. It seems to this reviewer that the results obtained from self-consistent field arguments are seldom quantitatively correct in the neighborhood of phase transitions, and sometimes not even qualitatively correct. Nevertheless, one often learns more from failure than from success.

The book grew out of sets of lecture notes, and the general style is relaxed and chatty. It was up-to-date in March 1964, as indicated by the many footnotes and other comments Added In Proof. The reader will surely be charmed by the modest way in which the author calls attention to, and corrects, mistakes in the text and in his earlier articles. It can be recommended to serious students of statistical mechanics, both as a survey of applications of the self-consistent field method, and as an introduction to "graphology."

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electron-withdrawing power of R by solvation might be considered.

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